

Tech 1

Towson Tiger Arena





Derek R Stoecklein

Construction Management

Advisor: Ray Sowers

9/21/2012



Construction Management

August 21, 2012

Raymond Sowers Thesis Advisor 106 Fox Hollow Building (814) 863–2571

RE: Tech 1

Dear Mr. Sowers,

Enclosed, please find my response to Tech 1. I am excited to submit to you the information I have generated and gathered regarding Towson Tiger Arena, located in Towson, MD. Tech 1 has challenged me to create a project summary schedule, project cost evaluation, and several site layout plans for Tiger Arena. In addition to this you will find a building system summary, existing site plan, local conditions, client information, project delivery analysis and a staffing plan.

I hope that you find this report to be both interesting and informative. If you have any questions or concerns regarding my Tech 1, please contact me at any time.

Sincerely,

Derek Stoecklein drs5233@psu.edu (412) 335-5967



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Schedule Considerations

The design phase of Tiger Arena was unique. As you can see from the schedule, the project was awarded to Gilbane in October, 2008. This may draw a flag considering construction start date was not until June 17, 2011. The reason for this "long delay" was due to the complete redesign of the arena. The contract was originally won as a renovation to the existing Tiger Center at a price tag of roughly \$40M. With the collaborative approach used by Gilbane they suggested a completely new arena as an "addition" to the existing center. Gilbane presented the opportunities of the new arena verse a renovation to TU. This move towards a new building would cost the University \$15M more but fit well with their future plans within TU athletics and the University. This decision was made easily after review by TU and UMB and understanding the benefits to the community and University. HCM was issued the go ahead for design of a new building and through the next 2 years, Gilbane and Towson worked closely on finalizing a design and moving into preconstruction and procurement.

Other notable schedule impacts are the logistics of steel erection. Each truss in the arena weights 30,000lbs and triple wide spans. Starting from East to West, two 999 Manitowoc crawler cranes pick

the trusses. The crane located in the bowl will pick 2 sections that are pre-assembled on the ground while second crane located on the west side will pick the third section. With the large trusses, a section of the building will have to be left out for the central crane to back out of the bowl as it picks the west most section, Truss line 1. After this crane is removed from site, trusses three and four are 2/3 erected and



Figure 1 – First Truss Erected, 3/1/12, Courtesy of Gilbane

placed on soring towers until the building section is filled in. Next the concrete crew will come in to fill the section and pour the remaining slabs followed by the steel risers and truss supports. Lastly, the remaining two trusses sections will be picked and placed.

^{*}Please note that the schedule seen in APPENDIX A is based on an early Gilbane baseline schedule. This does not reflex any challenges or delays that may have occurred during construction.





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Building Systems

Bt	aildi	ng Systems Summary
Yes	No	Work Scope
	х	Demolition
х		Structural Steel Frame
х		CIP Concrete
x		Precast Concrete
х		Mechanical Systems
х		Electrical Systems
х		Masonry
Х		Curtain Wall
	х	Support of Excavation

Table 1 – Building Systems Matrix – Created by Derek Stoecklein

Site Work and Site Improvements

Site work began with rerouting existing utilities including electric and communications. This was run through a duct bank and several man holes to allow the 13.2kv line that supplied power to the building to be moved for the hookup of construction trailers and safe construction and demolition. Silt fence was set up due to the digging associated with the placement of the manholes and duct bank near the sports fields and parking lot. Demolition work will be required for removing several parking lots and walk ways in the area that the new arena will be constructed. The terrain in this area has a slope and because of this, several retaining walls will be constructed and excavation will be required in these areas.

Structure

Starting from the ground up, Tiger Arena is built on foundation systems consisting of retaining walls, spread and continuous footings, and grade beams. The retaining walls are located along the entire north and east exterior. This is due to the large change in elevation from the NW corner to the SE. Grade

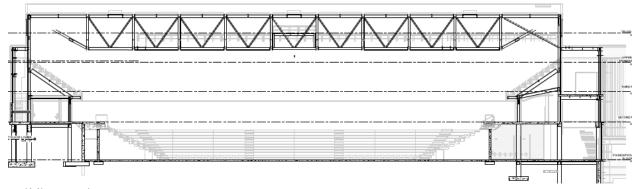


Building Image - Taken by Ryan Simmons, Gilbane

beams are found interior, between the exterior footings and interior footings for the bowl. The grade beams will support interior concrete columns and the one way slab above. CIP concrete walls, columns and beams, will be resting on theses foundations systems and support the above slabs and structural steel. All CIP concrete will be 4000psi normal weight concrete with grade 60 r-bar. A Steel braced frame

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system will tie into the CIP concrete columns at the second floor. All building steel will be ASTM A992, grade 50, with bolted connections. Precast Concrete Seat riser sections will be support by steel risers and beams from below. To complete the structure is a Pratt truss system consisting of 11, three piece trusses.



Building Sections - S2.01

Masonry

The building masonry is light weight, 1500psi concrete blocks, with type S mortar, and 3000psi grout.

The interior masonry consists of 6" and 8" CMU inclosing the mechanical and electrical spaces, VOM shaft walls, and bathroom enclosures. Also seen on the interior is white ground face CMU, lining the entire concourse level. The exterior will have ground face and split face CMU on all sides. The ground face is used as accents strip every five courses. Lastly, bluestone caps will be placed along all the side walls and along the main promenade.



Exterior Masonry on Mock-up - Taken by Derek Stoecklein



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Moisture Protection



South Vapor Barrier - Taken by Derek Stoecklein

Moisture protection on the roof will be completed with SBS modified bituminous membrane. This membrane slopes north towards two sets of drains to provide adequate drainage. Moisture protection below grade in the addition section of the building will be Bituminous Damp proofing on foundation walls, Self-Adhering Sheet Waterproofing on foundation will be used on walls with proximity to an occupied space, and cold fluid applied plaza deck water proofing is to be applied under

concourse pavers. In the elevator pits, Modified Cement Waterproofing is to be completed. The exterior has a liquid applied water proofing coving all glass rock.

Façade

Towson Arena is made of several unique façade systems that are used to visually link the adjacent

Unitas stadium and the existing Tiger Center to it. These systems include Terracotta, Zinc panels (Standing Seam and Flat Lock), 12" and 6" C-Channel, Split Face CMU, Ground Face CMU, Curtain Wall, Glazing, and a Clear Story. The structure of the façade is made up of cast-in-place concrete and 6", 16 GA. structural stud framing. Wrapping the structural studs is a 5/8" layer of moisture and mold resistive Glasrock. A layer of



West Facade - Taken by Derek Stoecklein

liquid applied air barrier is sprayed over the glasrock and all exterior cast-in-place concrete. The North, Unitas facing, façade is a used to draw the spectators into the Arena with a long promenade



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walkway from Auburn drive and large span glazing to allow for a view into the beyond space. Covering the promenade is a canopy roof with zinc soffit that is returns from the façade above seamlessly. Also along this north façade is a large Splitface and Groundface wall, terracotta panels, and a clear story above the canopy that wraps the entire building.

Elevators

The Towson Arena addition is furnished with two elevators. Elevator one is to be rated for 4000lbs and have four landings. This elevator will be located in the North West corner of the Arena and is meant to service all of the floors in the Addition and has a total travel of 50'-2". Elevator two has two doors on the car and requires four landings; it is rated for 4500lbs. The total travel of this elevator is 26'-0" and will be located in the south east side of the Arena Addition. There is an existing elevator in the Towson Center that is rated for 2500lbs and has three landings. The total travel for this elevator is 24'-0" and is located on the north wall of the Existing Arena to service the offices and areas around the Arena.

Mechanical Systems

Heating for this building will be provided by two 400hp, four pass, fire tube boiler/burner set ups. These boilers will be set up to run parallel or independently from each other. Unlike the boilers they are

replacing, these units are both natural gas and

oil fired, because of this BGE will be required to run natural gas lines to the facility. Two centrifugal Chillers rated at 450 tons each will provide chilled water for the building and two cooling towers rated at 450 tons each will provide cooling water for the chillers, each cooling tower will be rated for 1125 GPM and 450 tons of cooling. Chilled and heating water will be circulated through the building to various air handlers for temperature and humidity control within the



Roof top AHU with curbs - Taken by Derek Stoecklein

arena. Two custom air handling units made by Air Enterprises, rated at 47,000 CFM each will be used in the main portions of the arena for climate control and will be located on the roof. In addition to these



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custom units, eight smaller air handling units will supply conditioned air to offices and suites throughout the building. An ERU or energy recovery unit will be located on the roof of the arena to allow some of the air to be diverted through the building. This ERU will be rated for 11,000 CFM.

Electrical Systems, Power Distribution and Lighting

Power to the existing center arena is supplied by 15kV underground feeders; these lines ran from the utility company to transformers located next to the arena, which have been moved for construction. The feeder is now run through a duct bank that supplies power to the construction trailers and also the building via a different underground run. Moving this utility was required due to the new stadium location. Switch gear for these 15kV lines will be provided with the new construction and transformers will be used to step down to 480/277V 3 Phase. From there, the building electric is fed to transformers located in mechanical and electrical rooms to step the power down to 208/120V. Equipment and motors throughout the facility will use 480v or 277v electric unless otherwise noted in specs and drawings. Three 150kW generators will be installed for emergency power and will be located near the boiler room outside the existing Towson Center. Air handling units, pumps, fans and other specialties will be furnished with variable frequency drives for motor control where specified.

Roofing

The roofing system is a Two Ply Styrene-butadiene-styrene (SBS), touch applied, White granular membrane with an Aluminum roof edge set in multi-purpose MB flashing cement. Below the SBS cap sheet is a tapered, 4" min, ISO 95+ Insulation, covered with ½" Densdeck and sealed with a base sheet to create a water, vapor and air barrier. At the perimeter of the roof there is wood blocking to support a perlite cant strip and several layers of flashing to allow for proper water from and drainage



Roof base sheet - Taken by Derek Stoecklein

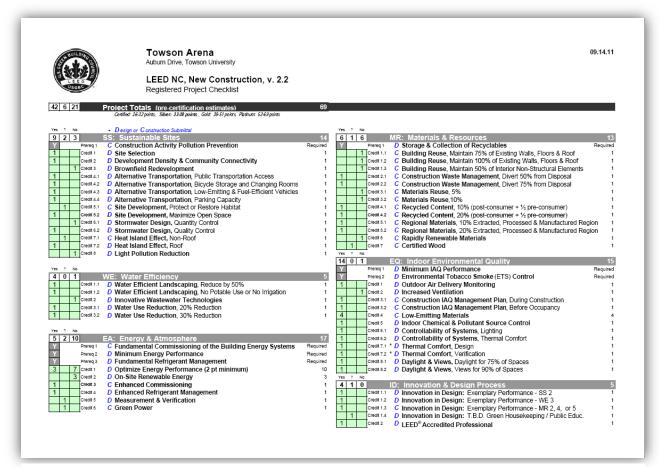
around the edges. To top the roof of, walk pads will be installed to allow for access to the Air handling units and ERU's.



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Sustainable Features

Towson Tiger Arena's LEED Gold design encompasses many sustainable features including low VOC content for all interior products, all wood material meets FSC and all waste will be recycled according. In addition to these features, Towson will utilized Energy Recovery units (ERU's) to capture energy from the exhausted air as well as a large clear story around the entire truss level to introduce day lighting into the "bowl" of the arena. To improve the indoor air quality within the arena, two centrifugal chillers will be installed to supply chilled water to several Air Handling Units (AHU) throughout the building.



Towson LEED Checklist - Courtesy of Gilbane

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Project Cost Evaluation

Tiger Arena	Cost Evaluation	
	Total	SF Cost
Building Construction Cost	\$ 50,334,248.00	\$ 419.45
Total Project Cost	\$ 54,889,905.00	\$ 457.42
R.S. Means SF Cost	\$ 15,510,000.00	\$ 129.25
R.S. Means	Assemblies Cost	
	Actual	RS Means
HVAC	\$ 11,086,400.00	\$ 2,851,200.00
Plumbing	φ 11,000,400.00	\$ 280,960.00
Electrical	\$ 6,997,000.00	\$ 2,755,184.00

Table 2 - Building Cost breakdown - Created by Derek Stoecklein

R.S. Means SF Cost Break Down

Building Type Used: Gymnasium

Exterior Wall Construction: Metal Sandwich Panels

Structure: Rigid Steel Frame

S.F Area: 120,000 S.F

L.F. Perimeter: 1020 L.F

Location Adjustment: .93 (Baltimore)

Total per SF = \$129.25

Building Cost = \$15,510,000

^{*} Estimate was created using RS Means SF Cost 2012

^{*} Reference material found in APPENDIX C



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R.S. Means Assemblies Estimate

	Mat	Inst.	Total	Cost						
HVAC										
			2 0 4	4 4 6 6 6 6 6						
Terminal Unit Heaters	1.72	2.12	3.84	\$ 460,800.00						
Cooling Tower Systems	6.8	6.5	13.3	\$ 1,596,000.00						
AHU	3.45	3.17	6.62	\$ 794,400.00						
			Total	\$ 2,851,200.00						
	Pluml	oing								
Water Closet System	1650	680	2330	\$ 139,800.00						
Urinal	590	765	1355	\$ 16,260.00						
Sinks	870	750	1620	\$ 40,500.00						
Domestic Water Heaters	39200	3000	42200	\$ 84,400.00						
			Total	\$ 280,960.00						
	Electi	rical								
Lighting	2.56	5.35	7.91	\$ 949,200.00						
HID Lighting	3.45	5.45	8.9	\$ 1,068,000.00						
Switchgear	28300	15500	43800	\$ 43,800.00						
Switches & Recpt	0.25	0.92	1.17	\$ 140,400.00						
Transformers	355	51	406	\$ 553,784.00						
			Total	\$ 2,755,184.00						

Table 3 – Assemblies estimate- Created by Derek Stoecklein

*R.S. Means Assemblies 2011 was used to create this data



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Estimate Summary

Tiger Arena is an M/E/P intensive building when it comes to overall cost. Thirty six percent of the building total construction cost is M/E/P. Looking at the R.S. Means SF cost data, I knew there would be a large bust in final price due to this and the high levels of interior and exterior finish work. In addition to this, the closest related building type found was a gymnasium. With this in mind, I was expecting a much lower number when calculating the SF estimate. My final number of \$129.25 is \$290.20 less than the actual Building Cost. Like said before, this is due to Tiger Arenas specialized A/V package, unique finishes and specialized building systems. When I looked into an assemblies estimate for the M/E/P systems, I was concentrating on the large equipment and systems that supply the building. As you see, the numbers are significantly different. I believe this is because the building systems are custom to Tiger Arena and are not typical. I believe to accurately depict the cost of these systems; a detailed estimate would need to be done with vendor quotes. Tiger Arena may not have elaborate systems but they are unique to this building type and RS Means does not reflect sporting arenas in its cost data.

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Existing Conditions

Tiger Arena is built on an existing parking lot and grass field on the Far Southwest end of Towson University, adjacent to Tiger Center and Unitas Stadium, *Figure 1*. With Tiger Arena being so close to the existing Unitas Stadium and Tiger Center, the utilities will be easily tied into. During phase one, Ross contracting will be redirecting all the building utilities from auburn drive to locations under the new arena.

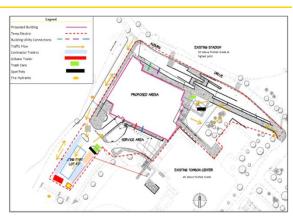


Figure 1- Existing Site Plan - created by Derek Stoecklein

As seen in *figure 1*, the sanitary and storm drain line will extend from the main down Auburn drive to the North side of the building below grade. Electric will be run from the existing 15kV line at the South end of the Tiger Center. Also on the south side will be the new chilled water lines and domestic water. Gilbane has chosen to

organize there site as shown below. The layout was



Figure 2 – Existing Tiger Center from proposed site

design by the Sr. Superintendent to optimize the site as well as maintain proper pedestrian flow around Unitas, Tiger Center and the maintenance building located south the Gilbane trailer. Pedestrian flow will be impeded in one location due to the site restraints, this being on the building side of Auburn drive. The fence here will overtake the sidewalk which will be demoed at an early stage for excavation and utility purpose. Other things to



Figure 3 – Corner of Auburn Drive and service road

note on the existing site plan are the use of temporary electric. The existing 15kV transformer for Towson Center is located on the south side, allowing the electrical contractor to run temporary electric to the trailer locations through a temporary ductbank.

*All Existing Conditions References can be found in Appendix B



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Construction Site Layout

Phase One

- Site Utility
- Site Electric

This was done by two contractors; MBR, handling all site electrical and Ross, responsible for storm, water and sanitary lines. During phase one, site mobilization will also begin and temporary fencing will be installed.

*Reference Sitework Site Plan, APPENDIX B

Phase Two

- Sitework
- Concrete
- Structural steel
- Misc. Steel
- Precast

Phase two started with the demolition of existing curd and cutters, sidewalks and asphalt were needed. Also in the early stage of phase two, the erosion and sediment plan began to eliminate run off during excavation and other site activities that will begin to start. Along Auburn drive are two storm drains that will have asphalt curbs installed to direct water to them and away from the site. Wheel wash stations are also installed at both gates to eliminate tracking mud onto the streets. Sitework is done in four phases, starting with the excavation of the loading dock from the existing Towson center and grading along the service road. This work is done first to allow to necessary flow of future work and current Towson employees. As mentioned before, the maintenance building is located behind the proposed site and the only access is a single lane service road. This road will be expanded to a two way road to allow for deliveries during construction. The next phase of sitework involves the installation of wheel wash stations and excavation of the building footprint. During the next phase, foundations will be excavated and installed followed by furnishing a crane pad inside the building footprint. Also done during phase three is the excavation of the North and East side of the building and installation of the south side of the building.

^{*} Reference Sitework Plan & Structure Site Plan, APPENDIX B



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Phase Three

- M/E/P rough-in and completion
- Exterior Framing
- Roofing
- Facade
- Interior Finishes (Framing, Drywall, Flooring, Painting)
- Masonry
- Site Grading

Phase three involves the most coordination and planning to allow for proper flow and use of the site. During this phase there will be an average of 200 workers on site, deliveries daily, and a large assortment of motorized equipment. Safety will also be critical when laying out the site plan for this phase due to the large increase in trades and equipment.

* Reference Finish Site Plan, APPENDIX B

Phase Four

- Scoreboard
- Ribbon board
- Food Service Equipment
- Retractable Seating
- Casework
- Landscaping

The final phase of construction of Tiger Arena will consist of equipment install and commissioning of systems. This means the cranes and larger equipment will be off site and all final grading will be complete.

*All Site plans can be seen in APENDIX B



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Local Conditions

The community of Towson has had a large impact on the construction and location of Tiger Arena. From the very beginning the community has been supportive and informative of what they would like to get out of the arena and during construction. Work hours are regulated from 7.00 AM – 5.30 PM, in order to respect the surrounding residences. In addition to these work regulations, parking will also be regulated. The site is very small and only allows enough space for foreman and Gilbane employee parking. This means that the contractors must park in LOT 14, located on the north side of Unitas Stadium. This has proven to be a problem due to the fact its pay-to-park and many employees disregard that and receive tickets. Parking permits are available to purchase and are prorated through a given period. If a permit is not purchased, daily passes can be bought at a kiosk in the lot.

Towson University is governed under University of Maryland, Baltimore (UMB). This means that all process from change orders to purchasing must be approved by TU and UMB prior to Gilbane receiving the go ahead. This creates some challenges and coordination requirements to maintain a good chain of communication up and down the parties.

Recycling & Tipping Fees

All building waste will be recycled by metals, drywall, concrete, paper, plastic, etc. by Waste Management. Please see APPENDIX C for tipping fees. With Tiger Arena striving for LEED Gold, 50–75% of the buildings waste must be diverted from landfill.

Soils Classifications

The existing site is underlain by a thin surface layer of a man-made fill. The top of the residual soil was encountered directly below this fill, and these residual soils extend to the top of bedrock surface, which is located 6 to 38 feet below the ground surface. The lower portions of the residual soils are defined as disintegrated rock, and consist of very dense soils with rock-like properties,

*Information found in geotech report done by D. W. Kozera, INC.



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Client Information

"Towson University, founded in 1866, is known as one of the nation's best regional public universities. TU offers more than 100 bachelors, masters and doctoral degree programs in the liberal arts and sciences, and applied professional fields."

- Towson.edu/aboutme

TU has over 21,000 students and is among the largest universities in Maryland. Towson is located eight miles north of Baltimore and sits on 328-acres.



Towson Image- Courtesy of Bing

TU has a strategic plan, *TU2016*, which evaluates the growth of the university and what they want to build on. Within *TU2016*, Towson has new 22 goals. Included in these goals is the addition of a new sports complex; *Tiger Arena*.

Tiger Arena provides a large opportunity for the university to expand their athletic programs, attract performers, and connect with the community. When looking at the value added by the new arena, we quickly see why this is built into *TU2016*. The construction of Tiger Arena will play a role in the future recruitment of students and excitement of current students.

Quality, schedule, and safety are very important to TU and the University of Baltimore, UMB. With the facility being built on an active college campuses and eventually being used by NCAA sports programs,



Towson University Logo - Courtest of TU

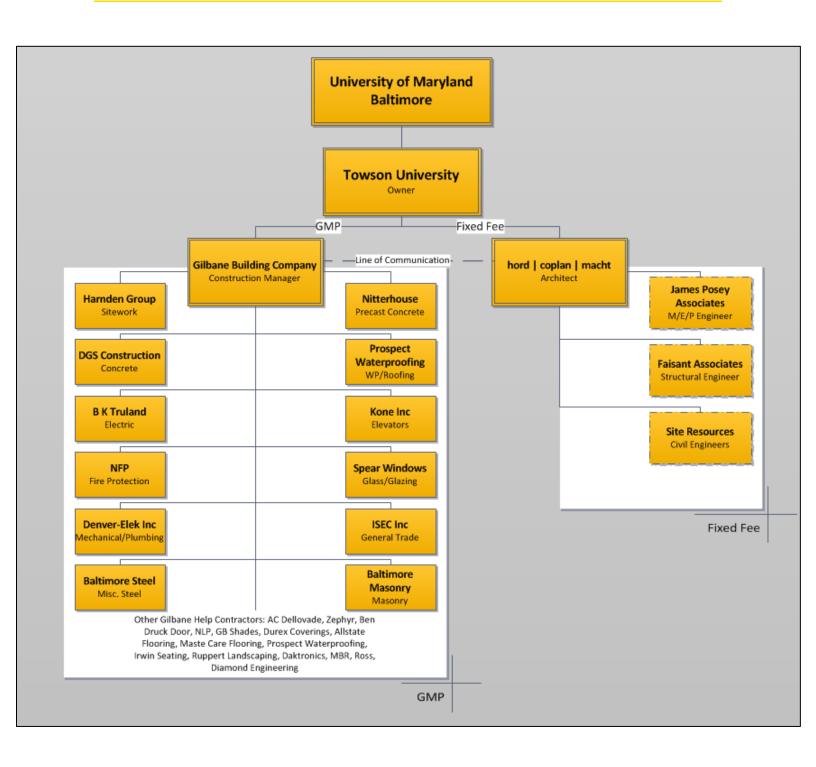
quality, schedule and safety play are significantly important. NCAA has very strict regulation for court sizing and slopes, lighting and broadcasting standards. In addition to this, the arena must be completed by the 2013 home opener. Safety of college students will be watched closely by TU and managed even closer by Gilbane to protect the university and the students from any unforeseen incidents.

*Campus Map in APPENDIX D



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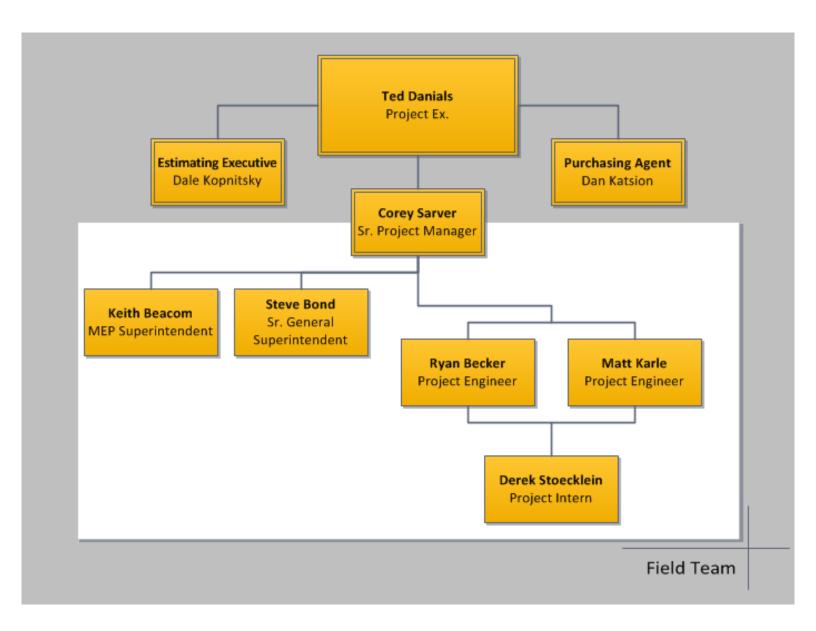
Tiger Arena Organizational Chart





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Gilbane Staffing Chart for Tiger Arena



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End of Tech 1

APPENDIX

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APPENDIX A. Project Cost

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A.

В.

1024 1024

2010 2020 2030

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20 20 20



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Costs per square foot of floor area

Exterior Wall	S.F. Area	12000	16000	20000	25000	30000	35000	40000	45000	50000
Date of Trui	L.F. Perimeter	440	520	600	700	708	780	841	910 90 147.00 80 149.95 85 161.50 90 164.60	979
Reinforced	Lom. Wood Arches	163.80	159.30	156.60	154.40	150.40	149.05	147.80	147.00	146.30
Concrete Block	Rigid Steel Frame	166.80	162.30	159.50	157.35	153.35	152.00	150.80	149.95	149.25
Face Brick with	iam. Wood Arches	190.10	182.65	178.10	174.45	167.30	165.05	162.85	161,50	160.40
Concrete Block Back-up	Rigid Steel Frame	193.25	185.75	181.20	9177.60	170.45	168.15	166.00	164.60	163.50
Metal Sandwich	Lam. Wood Arches	176.40	170.45	166.80	164.00	158,50	156.65	155.00	153.95	153.00
Panels	Rigid Steel Frame	179,50	173.55	169.95	167.05	161.60	159.80	158.10	157.05	156.15
Perimeter Adj., Add or Deduct	Per 100 L.F.	6.95	5.20	4.15	3.30	2.80	2.35	2.05	1.85	1,65
Story Hgt. Adj., Add or Deduct	Per 1 Ft.	1.00	0.85	0.75	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.55	0.55	0.55

The above costs were calculated using the basic specifications shown on the facing page. These costs should be adjusted where necessary for design atternatives and owner's requirements, Reported completed project costs, for this type of structure, range from \$77.50 to \$231.55 per \$F.

Common additives

Description	Unit	S Cost	Description	Unit	5 Cast
Bleachers, Telescoping, manual			Lockers, Steel, single fier, 60° or 72°	Opening	202-348
To 15 Her	Seat	129 - 179	2 flex, 60° oz 72° total	Opening	108 - 153
16-20 ner	Seat	265 - 325	5 tier box lockers	Opening	68.81
21-30 tier	Seat	281 - 340	Locker bench, lam, maple top only		23.50
For power operation, add	Sect	51.50-81	Pedestols, steel pipa	LE	
Gym Divider Curtain, Mesh top			Sound System	Each	70.50
Manual raliua	S.F.	13.15	Amplifier, 250 wats	Total	1076
Gym Mats		190.100	Speaker, calling or wall	Epch	1975
2" novagrivde covered	SE	4.19	Trumpet	Each	203
2" rylon	SE	7.30		Each	190
1-1/2" wall page	SE	9.75	Emergency Lighting, 25 wait, battery operated	12000	
" -resting mas	SE		litad batery	Sada	290
Comboard	37.	0.13	Nickel codimium	Sach	770
Basketball, one side	90.00	0.400.00000			
Baskerball Backston	Each	3400 - 9350			
'Vall mid., 6' extended, fixed	žach	2375 - 3075			
Dreing up, wall mid.	Each	2600-7700			



del	costs calculate	d for a 1 story building		Gy	mna	sium
th 2:	r area	and 20,000 square feet	Unit	Unit Cost	Cost Per S.F.	% Of Sub-Tota
SUB	STRUCTURE	the second secon				
20 Sp 30 Sk 10 Bo	endard Foundations secial Foundations ab on Grade ssement Excavation	Poured concrete: ship and spread faatings N/A 4" reinforced concrete with vapor barrier and granular base Site preparation for slab and trench for foundation wall and facting	S.F. Ground S.F. Slab S.F. Ground LF Wall	1,73 5,11 ,18 ,72	1.73 - 5.11 18 2.51	8.1%
	sement Walls	4" foundation wall	Lift. YHER	1.5		
SHE	0 Superstructure					
10 Flo 20 Ro	oor Construction oof Construction	N/A Wood deck on laminated wood arches	5 F. Roof	17.79	17.79	15.2 %
10 Ex 20 Ex	O Exterior Enclosure derior Walls derior Windows derior Doors	Reinforced concrete block (and walls included) 90% of wall Metal horizontal pixohed 10% of wall Aluminum and glass, hollow metal, steel averhead	S.F. Wall Each Each	13.04 521 1984	8.80 3.91 .59	11.4%
83 10 Re	O Roofing sol Coverings sol Openings	EFDM, 60 mils, fully adhered; polyisocyanurate insulation N/A	S.F. Roof	5.01	5.01	4.3%
	ERIORS					
10 Po 20 Int	artifions terior Doors Hings	Concrete block S0 S.F. Floar/L.F. Partition Single leaf hollow metal 500 S.F. Floar/Door Taler partitions	S.F. Partition Each S.F. Floor	9 1194 .26	1.80 2.39 .26	
10 W 20 Fe	air Construction Vall Finishes por Finishes	N/A 50% paint, 50% caronic file 90% hardwood, 10% cerumic file Mineral fiber file on conceoled zee bars	S.F. Surface S.F. Floor S.F. Celling	9.53 14.73 6.86	3.81 14.73 1.03	20.5%
	eiling Finishes VICES	Withelpt liber life on concesses 200 both	Sar, Carring		1,00	
	O Conveying					
10 E	levators & Lifts	N/A	- 1		-	0.0%
D2	calators & Moving Walks O Plumbing	N/A	- 1	1000	8.21	
20 D	lumbing Fixtures tomestic Water Distribution ain Water Drainage	Totalet and service fixtures, supply and drainage 1 Fixture/51.5 S.F. Floor Electric water heater N/A	Each S.F. Floor —	4228 4.02 —	4.02	10.4%
	30 HVAC nergy Supply	N/A	1 2 1	-	-	17
20 H 30 C 50 Te	lear Generating Systems cooling Generating Systems erminal & Package Units Other HVAC Sys. & Equipment	Included in D3050 N/A Single zone rooftap unit, gas heating, electric coolling	S.F. Floor	10.75	10.75	9.2 %
10 5	40 Fire Protection prinklets landpipes	Wet pipe sprinkler system Standpipe	S.F. Floor S.F. Floor	3.64	3.64	3.95
10 E	50 Electrical lectrical Service/Distribution	400 ampere service, panel board and feeders High efficiency fluorescent fluoresc, recognacies, switches, A.C., and misc, power	5.F. Floor 9.F. Floor	1.07	1.07	
30 C	ghting & Branch Wiring Communications & Security Other Electrical Systems	Addressable ciarm systems, sound system and emergency lighting Emergency generator, 7.5 kW	S.F. Roor S.F. Roor	2.83 .22	2.83 22	11.5%
	JIPMENT & FURNISHIE	NGS			7	
20 1	'ammercial Equipment stitutional Equipment	N/A N/A	-	-	-	551
	Shicular Equipment Other Equipment	N/A Bleachers, igung, weicht room	S.E. Floor	0.38	0.08	



System Components	OHANTITY UNIT			OST EACH	
SYSTEM D3010 530 1880	QUANTITY	UNIT	MAT.	INST.	TOTAL
HEATING SYSTEM, TERMINAL UNIT HEATERS, FORCED HOT WATER 1,000 S.F. BLDG., ONE FLOOR					
Boiler oil fired, Cl, burner/ctrls/insul/breech/pipe/ftngs/valves, 109 MBH	1.000	Ea.	3,937.50	3,587.50	7,525
Expansion tank, painted steel, ASME 18 Gal capacity	1.000	Ea.	2,450	97	2,547
Storage tank, steel, above ground, 550 Gal capacity w/supports	1.000	Ea.	3,100	430	3,530
Circulating pump, Cl, flanged, 1/8 HP	1.000	Ea.	590	192	782
Pipe, steel, black, schedule 40, threaded, cplg & hngr 10' OC 1-1/2" diam	260.000	L.F.	2,496	3,744	6,240 2,470
Pipe covering, calcium silicate w/cover, 1" wall, 1-1/2" diam	260.000	L.F.	819	1,651	1,400
Unit heater, 1 speed propeller, horizontal, 200° EWT, 26.9 MBH	2.000	Ea. Set	1,110	2,750	4,120
Unit heater piping hookup with controls	2.000	Set	1,070	2,700	1,240
TOTAL COST PER S.F.			15,872.50 15.87	12,741.50 12.74	28,614 28.61
	1 11 - 14 11			COST PER S.F	
3010 530 Commercial Bldg. Heating - Termin	ial Unit M	eaters	MAT.	INST.	TOTAL
Heating systems, terminal unit heaters, forced hot water 1,000 S.F. bldg., one floor	-		15.		
100 000 C Fatal two floors	199	RD3020	1 4	4.3	
and a make a poor poor of E total three floors		-010	1	72 2.1	
1,000,000 S.F. bidg., 1,000,000 C.F. total five floors		RD3020 -020] 1	13 1.3	37 2.

TOTAL			17,038.20	1,456.60	18,494.80
Wrought copper 90" elbow for solder joints 3/4" diam. Wrought copper Tee for solder joints, 3/4" diam. Wrought copper union for soldered joints, 3/4" diam. Wake, bronze, 125 lb, NRS, soldered 3/4" diam. Relief valve, bronze, press & temp, self-close, 3/4" IPS Wrought copper adapter, copper tubing to male, 3/4" IPS Copper tubing, type L, solder joint, hanger 10" OC, 3/8" diam. Wrought copper 90" elbow for solder joints 3/8" diam. Valve, globe, fusible, 3/8" IPS	34,000 5,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 1,000 1,000 2,000 1,000	Ea Ea Ea LF. Ea. Ea.	23.05 17.60 64 89 146 7.85 40.20 13.40 14.40	167.50 107 71 64 23 37.50 76 58 27	190.55 124.60 135 153 169 45.35 116.20 71.40

			COST EACH	
02020 260	Oil Fired Water Heaters - Commercial Systems	MAT.	INST.	TOTAL
1820 1940 1940 1950 1950 1950 1940 1940 1930 1930 1930	140 gal., 140 MBH input, 134 GPH 140 gal., 255 MBH input, 247 GPH 140 gal., 255 MBH input, 259 GPH 140 gal., 400 MBH input, 259 GPH 140 gal., 400 MBH input, 384 GPH 140 gal., 720 MBH input, 591 GPH 221 gal., 300 MBH input, 288 GPH 221 gal., 600 MBH input, 576 GPH 221 gal., 800 MBH input, 576 GPH 201 gal., 1250 MBH input, 1200 GPH 201 gal., 1250 MBH input, 1200 GPH 201 gal., 1500 MBH input, 1441 GPH 411 gal., 500 MBH input, 576 GPH 411 gal., 500 MBH input, 576 GPH	MAT. 17,000 18,600 22,700 23,700 25,100 37,000 37,000 37,600 42,400 42,400 42,800 43,100 47,101 48,10	1,450 1,825 2,075 2,400 2,500 2,750 2,800 2,900 2,925 3,000 3,075 3,125 3,200 3,720 3,320 3,320 3,320 3,320 3,320	18,450 20,425 24,775 26,100 27,600 36,150 39,80 40,50 41,32 45,4 45,4 45,5 46,5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
2420 2460 2500 2540	411 gal., 1000 MBH input, 960 GPH 411 gal., 1250 MBH input, 1200 GPH 397 gal., 1500 MBH input, 1441 GPH 397 gal., 1750 MBH input, 1681 GPH	48,50 52,00	0 3,95	00 5



		COST PER S.E.		4.14		7.82
			COST			
D3	050 150	Rooftop Single Zone Unit Systems		MAT.	INST.	TOTAL
1260	Rooftop, single zone, air con			4.15	3.70	7.
1280		corridors, 500 S.F., .92 ton	Processor 1	2.71	2.49	5
1480		000 S.F., 18.33 ton	RD3030 -010	9.35	8.30	17
1560		raries, 500 S.F., 208 ton		4.96	5.65	10
1760		000 S.F., 41.67 ton		13.65	11.10	24
1840		erns, 500 S.F. 5.54 ton		11.15	8.45	19
2000 2080		00 S.F., 55.42 ton		8.15	9.40	1
2280	The second secon	s. 500 S.F., 2.83 too 000 S.F. 56.67 ton		6.50	7.65	- 1
2360		stores, 500 S.F., 1.46 ton		6.55	5.85	1
2560		00 S.F. 29.17 tor		3.53	3.94	-
2640		500 S.F., 3.33 too		9.60	11.05	2
2840		00 S.F. 66.67 too		7.65	9	1
2920		0 S.F., 1.67 ton		7.50	6.65	
3120	10.0	00 S.F., 33.33 ton		4.03	4.50	
3200	Food superm	nkets, 500 S.F., 1.42 ton		6.35	5.70	1
3400	10,0	00 S.F., 28.33 ton		3.43	3.83	-
3480	Medical cente	s, 500 S.F., 1.17 ton		5.25	4.67	
3680	10,0	0 S.F., 23.33 ton		3.45	3.17	
3760	Offices, 500 S	F., 1.58 ton		7.15	6.30	1
960	10,00	0 S.F., 31.67 ton		3.84	4.27	- 3
000		00 S.F., 2.50 ton		11.25	10	
200	10,00	0 S.F., 50.00 ton		5.70		- 2
240	Schools and co	Reges, 500 S.F., 1.92 ton		8.60	6.75	- 3
440	10,00) S.F., 38.33 ton		4.57	7.65	

Resident .	O30 115 Chilled Water, Cooling Tower Systems	(OST PER S.F.	
1300	Packaged chiller, water cooled, with fan coil unit	MAT.	INST.	TOTAL
1320	Apartment corridors, 4,000 S.F., 7.33 ton			
1600	Banks and libraries, 4,000 S.F., 16,66 ton	5.98	7,68	13
1800	60,000 S.F., 250.00 too	11	8.45	19
1880	Bars and taverus, 4,000 S.F., 44,33 tori	7.40	6.75	14
2000	20,000 S.F., 221,66 ton	19.50	10,70	30
2160	Bowling alleys, 4,000 S.F., 22.66 ton	18.70	8.85	27
2320	40,000 S.F., 226,66 ton	12.90	9.25	22
2440	Department stores, 4,000 S.F., 11.66 ton	10.40	6.35	16
2640	60,000 S.F., 175,00 ton	6.85	8.35	15
2720	Orug stores, 4,000 S.F., 26.66 ton	6.65	6.15	12
2880	40,000 S.F., 266.67 ton	13.55	9.55	23
3000	Factories, 4,000 S.F., 13.33 ton	10.35	7.20	17
3200	60,000 S.F., 200.00 ton	9.40	8.05	17
3280	Food supermarkets, 4,000 S.F., 11.33 ton	6,60	6.50	
3480	60,000 S.F., 170,00 ton	6.75	8.30	13
3560	Medical centers, 4,000 S.F., 9,33 ton	6.55	6.15	15
3760	60,000 S.F., 140,00 ton	5.80	7.60	12
3840.	Offices, 4,000 S.F., 12,66 ton	5.30	6.25	13
1040	60,000 S.F., 190,00 ton	9.10	7.95	11
120	Restaurants, 4,000 S.F., 20,00 ton	5.40	6.40	17
320	60,000 S.F., 300,00 ton	11.50	8.60	12
400	Schools and colleges, 4,000 S.F., 15.33 ton	8.35	3.00	20
600	60,000 S.F., 230,00 ton	10.35	8 20	15
	The state of the s	6.80	8.30	18

Construction Management

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		COST EACH			
	Urinal Systems	MAT.	INST.	TOTAL	
2010 210		590	765	1,358	
(6) Urinal vitra	ous china, wall hung	1,225	910	2,13	
000 Urinal, vitre 040 St	tall type				

D20	010 310	Lavatory Systems	COST EACH		
1560	Lavalory w/free, vanity top, PE on Cl.		AT.	INST.	TOTAL
1600	19" x 16" o		680	680	
1640	18" round	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT	530	680	15
1680	Cultured marble, 19	RD2010	605	680	1
1720	25° x 19°	400	585	680	1
1760	Stainless, seif-rimnin	a. 25° v. 22°	620	680	- 1
1800	17° x 22°	St. N. V. A. L.C.	750	680	1/
1840	Steel enameled, 20"	172	740	680	1
1880	19' round		560	700	1
920	Vitreous china, 20" x	16'	530	700	- 1
1960	19° x 16°		640	715	1
2000	22° x 13°		640	715	1,
040	Wall burg, PE on Ct, 18" x 15		645	715	1,
080	19° x 17°		870	750	14
120	20° × 18°		870	750	12
160	Vitreous china, 18" x	15"	840	750	12
200	19'x 17'		715	770	1/
240	24" x 20"		660	770	3,6
300	20° x 27°, ha	ndcap	935	770	1,7
-			970		1/

ek Stoecklein Tech 1

System Comp	onents	200			COST EACH	
SYSTEM D5010	240 0240	QUANTITY	UNIT	MAT.	INST.	100
S	STALLATION, INCL SWBD, PANELS & CIRC BREAKERS, 600 A amelboard, NQOD 225A 4W 120/208V main CB, w/20A bkrs 42 circ witchboard, alum. bus bars, 120/208V, 4 wire, 600V stribution sect., alum. bus bar, 120/208 or 277/480 V, 4 wire, 600A needer section circuit breakers, KA frame, 70 to 225 A	1.000 1.000 1.000 3.000	Ea. Ea. Ea.	2,475 4,425 2,525 4,200	2,125 1,200 1,200 558	The second second
	TOTAL			13,625	5,083	
5010 240	Switchgear				COST EACH	
200 Switchpear inst., in	cl. swbd., panels & circ bkr, 400 A, 120/208volt			MAT.	INST	10

	Switchgear			COST EACH	
0200	Switchgear inst., Incl. swbd., panels & circ bkr, 400 A, 120/208volt		MAT.	INST.	101
UZ4U	600 A		4,500	3,750	
0280	800 A		13,600	5,075	19
0320	1200 A	RD5010	17,400	7,200	- 8
0360	1600 A	-110	20,900	11,000	1
0400	2000 A		28,300	15,500	1
0410	Add 20% for 277/480 voit		35,800	19,700	-

	TOTAL	1,163.33	259.47	LAD
D5090 210	Generators (by kW)	0	OST PER KW	-
		MAT.	INST.	TODA
	ickde bittery, charger, muffer & transfer switch	279-32		
0240	Oline operated, 3 phase, 4 wire, 277/480 volt, 7.5 kW	1,175	260	TAB
0280	11.5 yw Rosero	1,075	197	Lin
220	20 kW -110 -110	730	129	19
1360	80 kW	495	84	- 57
400	100 kW	355	51	40
1440	125 W	310	49.50	35
480	185 tm	510	46	55
	give with fuel tank, 30 kW	455	35	- 49
600	50 xm	770	97.50	86
720	125 W	550	77.50	6
160	155 W	335	45	36
800	175 W	320	41.50	
540	200 kW	297	36.50	33
880	250 kW	268	34	31
120	30 id	252	28	25
60	350 W	228	24.50	2
00	400 xW	220	23	2
40	500 kW	239	21.50	2
00	750 W	240	15	2
00	1000 kW	263	11.30	23
	100000	200	100	19



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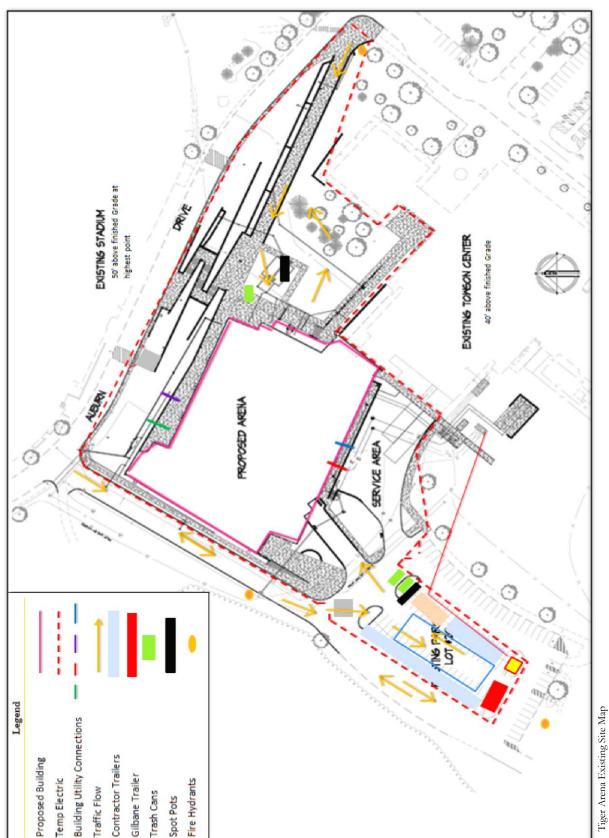
D5020 130		Wall Switch by Sq. Ft.	COST PER S.F.		
0200	Wall switches, 1.0 per 1000 S.F.		MAT.	INST.	10
CHARLES	1.2 per 1000 S.F.		.06	.21	
0280	2.0 per 1000 S.F.		.06	.25	
320	2.5 per 1000 S.F.		.10	.34	
360	5.0 per 1000 S.F.		11	.43	
400	10.0 per 1000 S.F.		.25	.92	
			.52	1.86	

D5020 208				COST PER S.F.		
The second second	020 208	Fluorescent Fixtures (by Type)		MAT.	INST	
0520	Fluorescent fatures, type A, 8 factures per 40	00 S.F.		271	5.50	
0560	11 fixtures per 600 S.F.			2.56	5.35	
0600	17 fedures per 1000 S.F.		RD5020	2.47	5.25	
0640	23 fatures per 1600 5 F.		-200	2.25	4.97	
0680	28 fixtures per 2000 S.F.			2.25	4.57	
0800	41 fatures per 3000 S.F.			2.18	4.97	
0840	53 fixtures per 4000 S.F.			2.15	4.85	
0880	64 fictures per 5000 S.F.			2.15	4.85	
0920	Type B, 11 fatures per 400 S.F.		10000	4.90	8.05	
0960	15 fixtures per 600 S.F.			4.54	7.70	
1000	24 fectures per 1000 S.F. 35 fectures per 1600 S.F.			4.45	7.70	
1040	42 fixtures per 2000 S.F.			4.16	7.30	
1080	61 fixtures per 3000 S.F.			4.08	7.35	
1160	80 fatures per 4000 S.F.		-	4.09	7.10	
1200	98 fixtures per 5000 S.F.			3.97	7.25	
1240	Type C, 11 fidures per 400 S.F.			3.96	7.20	
1280	14 fixtures per 600 S.F.			4.06	8.50	
1320	23 fixtures per 1000 S.F.			3,63	7.95	
1360	34 fixtures per 1600 S.F.			3.61	7.90	
1400	43 fixtures per 2000 S.F.			3.48	7.80	
1440	63 flatures per 3000 S.F.			3.51	7.70	
1520	81 fixtures per 4000 S.F.			3.42	7.8	
1560	101 fixtures per 5000 S.F.			3.35	7.50	
1600	Type D. 8 fixtures per 400 S.F.			3.35	73	
1640	12 fixtures per 600 S.F.			3.66		
1680	19 fixtures per 1000 S.F.			200.000	6.5	
720	27 futures per 1600 S.F.			3.66	6.5	
760	34 fixtures per 2000 S.F.			3.52	6.4	
800				3,30	6.2	
880	48 fxtures per 3000 S.F. 64 fxtures per 4000 S.F.			3.28	6.1	

5020 232 H.I.D. Fixture, High Bay, 30' (by Type)		COST PER S.F.			
Control of the last of the las		Abel	MAT.	INST.	TOTAL
	ure, 30' above work plane, 100 FC				
M) Type F, 4 fixtures (3.94	5.85	9.79
6 fixtures	per 1800 S.F.	RD5020	3.34	5.60	8,94
	per 3000 S.F.	-200	3.34	5.60	8,9
60 9 foctures	per 4000 S.F.	RD5000	2.75	5.30	8.0
III 10 fixture	per 5000 S.F.	-240	2.75	5.30	-8,0
	per 8000 S.F.		2.75	5.30	8.0
18 fixture:	per 10,000 S.F.		2.62	4.89	7.5
18 fxture: 27 fxture:	per 16,000 S.F.		2.62	4,89	12
52 futures	per 32000 S.F.		2.60	4,83	7.
52 fixtures Type G, 4 fixtures (4.26	6,20	10.
	er 1800 S.F.		3.51	5.65	9.
9 fetures :	er 3000 S.F.		3.45	5.45	8
11 fixtures	per 4000 S.F.		3.40	5.30	8
13 fatures	per 5000 S.F.		3.40	5.30	8
	per plant of t		3.40	5.30	- 8
21 totures	per 8000 S.F.		2.96	5.60	
23 fixtures	per 10,000 S.F.		2.96	5.60	
36 features 70 features	per 16,000 S.F. per 32,000 S.F.		2.96	5.60	

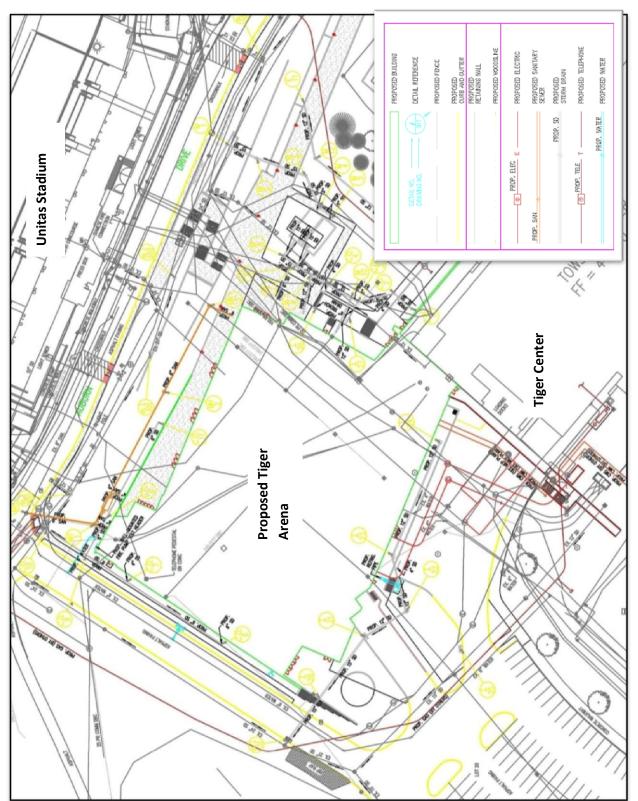
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APPENDIX B. Site Planning



TIGERARENA

Derek Stoecklein

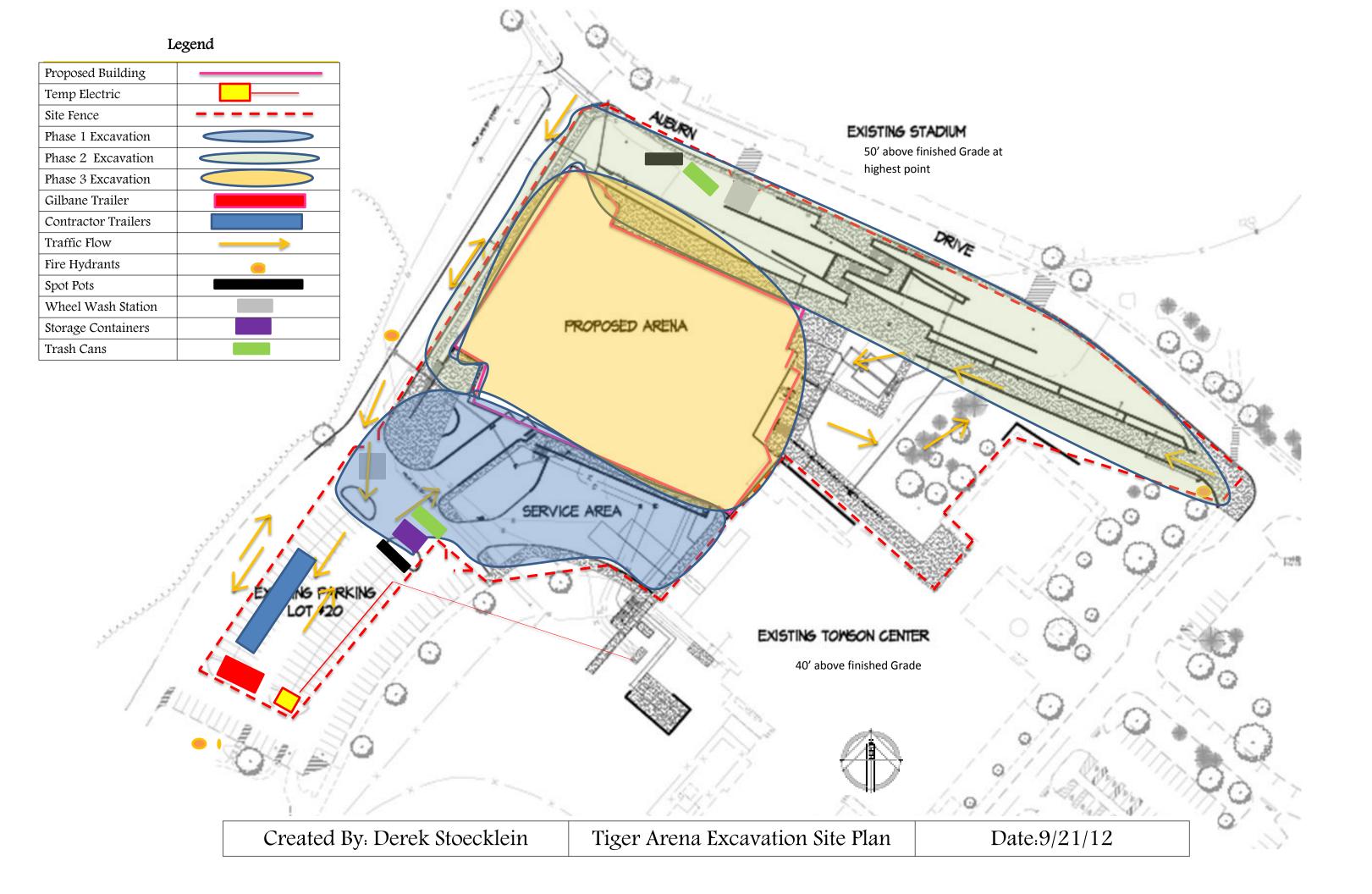


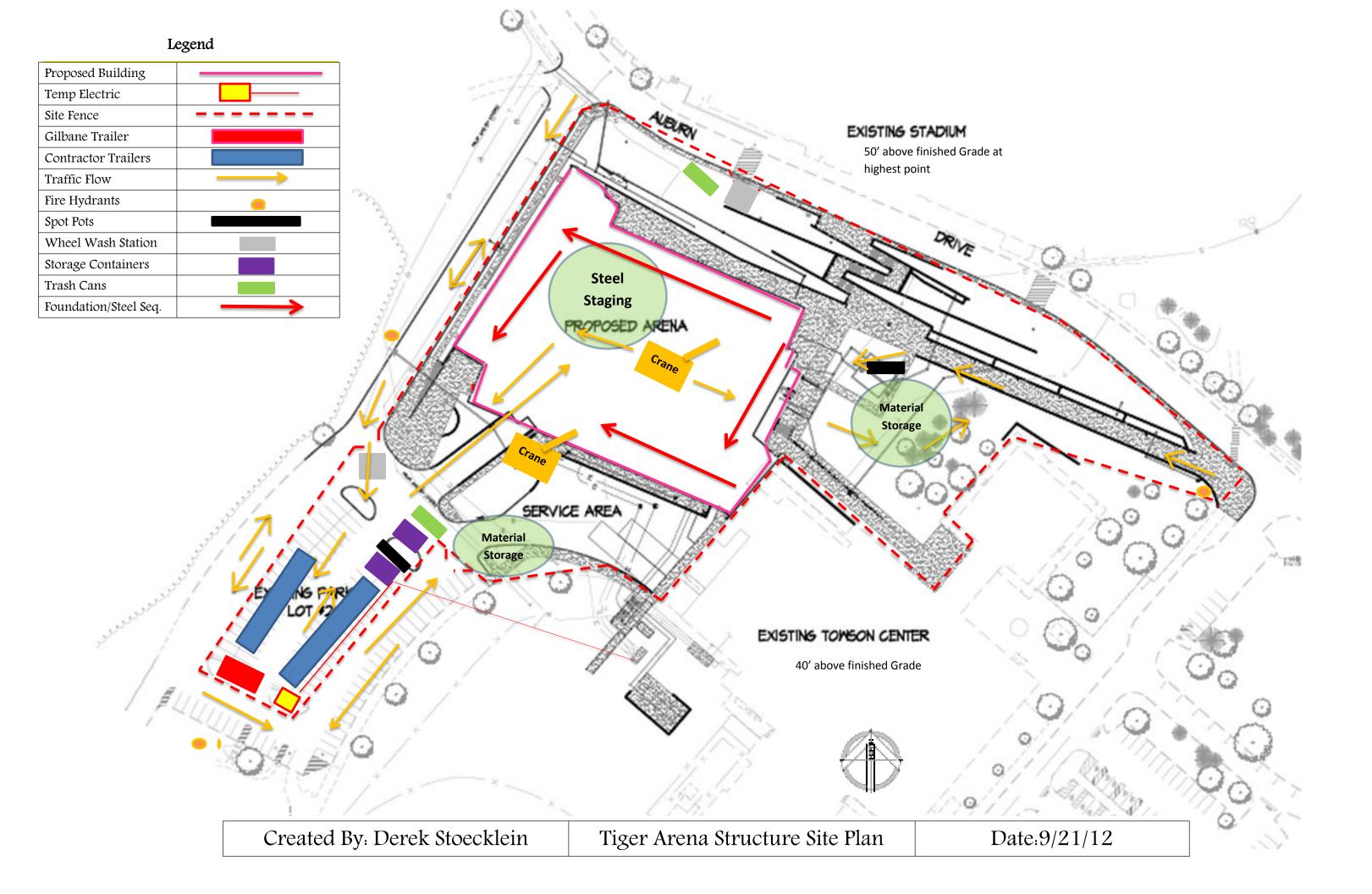
Existing and Proposed (colored) Utilities

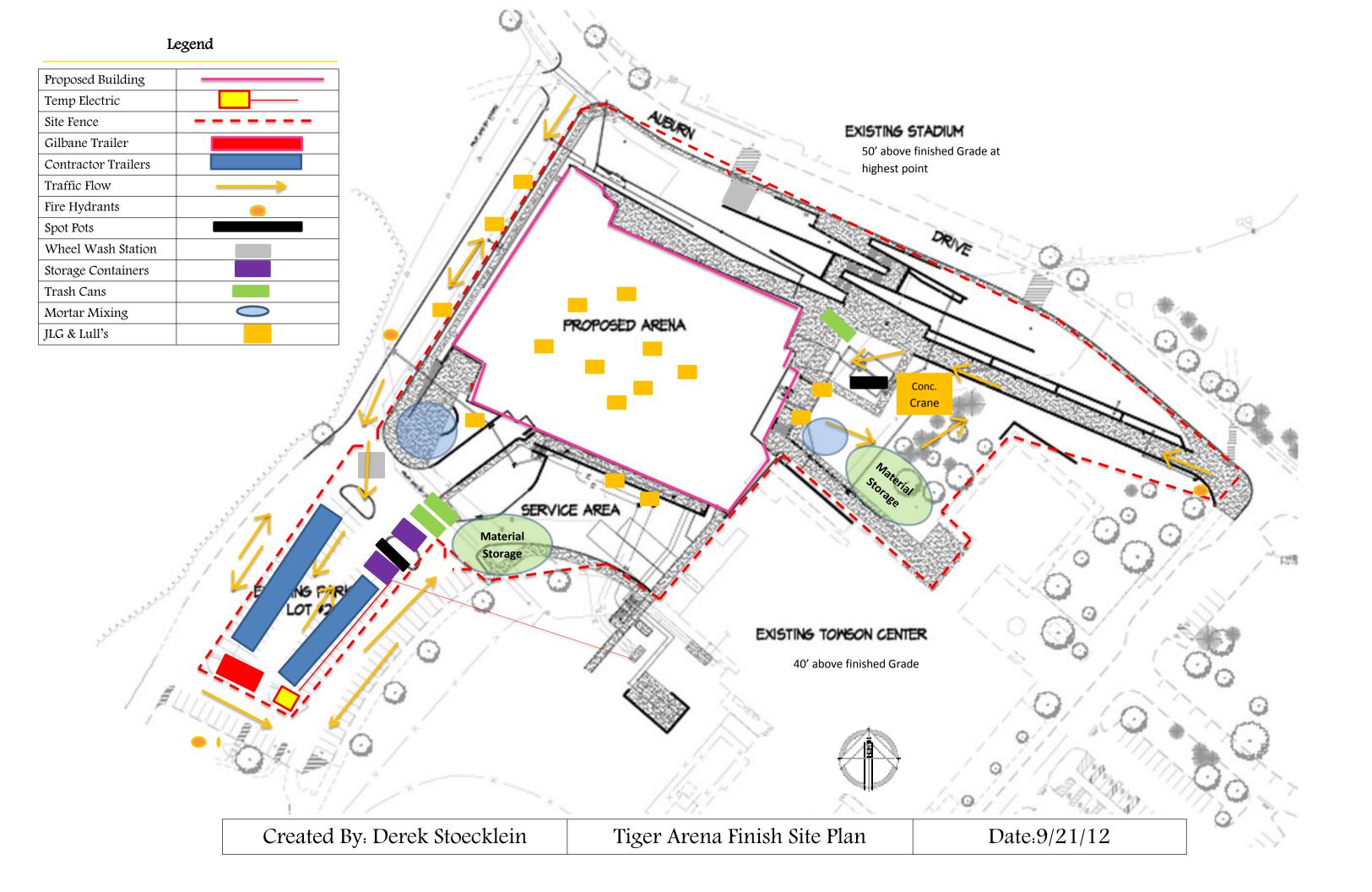




Existing Site photo - courtesy of Google Maps







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APPENDIX C. Local Conditions



Construction Management

Parking Permits – Are Available for Purchase at the Auxiliary Services Business Office in the Union for lot 14.

- 1. Fill out Parking Permit Request form Attached to this Packet. Under Group check off "Other" and indicate Construction Worker.
- 2. Bring completed application with license plate information to the Parking Office in the Union Garage
- 3. Once your account is created in the system, take the application to the Auxiliary Services Business Office in the Union, across from the Book Store. Permits are available as outlined below:
 - a. Weekly Permit \$25.00
 - b. Monthly Permit \$50.00
 - c. Annual permit valid through August 31, 2012 \$121 (fee is prorated down each Monday)
- 3. The Union Parking Garage and Lot 14 can be found on the attached Map.
- 4. Display Parking Permit in Vehicle at all Times
- 5. Construction company employees are prohibited from parking in lots 19 & 21 near the Arena.

Daily permits may also be purchased from the pay station in lot 13 for \$6.00 per day. The daily permit is only valid in lot 13 or 14 for construction workers.

Towson Parking Permit Info, Courtesy of Towson



Construction Management

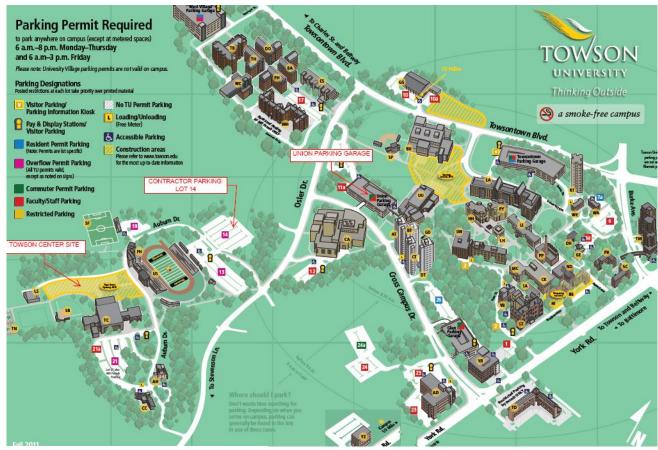
Description	Unit Cost
Pull with 5 Ton Limit Price/Ton over 5 Tons	\$ 300.00 \$56.00
Description	Unit Cost
1-9 units at 1 cleaning per week	\$72.75
1-9 units at 2 cleanings per week	\$82.75
10-15 units at 1 cleaning per week	\$72.75
10-15 units at 2 cleanings per week	\$82.75
15+ units at 1 cleaning per week	\$72.75
15+ units at 2 cleanings per week 250 gallon waste holding tank	\$82.75
(Monthly rate includes installation and 1 cleaning per week)	\$224.31

Waste and Spot pot removal fees - Courtesy of Gilbane

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APPENDIX D. Client Info





Towson University Map - Courtesy of TU